

Printing date 15.10.2025 Version number 1 Revision: 15.10.2025

1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

- · Product identifier
- · Trade name: OpalescenceTM Boost 35% Non-PF (Bleaching Gel)
- · Article number: SDS 388-001.04R01, 1005860, 13470, 13651
- · Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against No further relevant information available.
- · Application of the substance / the mixture Professional Dental Bleaching Gel
- · Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
- · Manufacturer/Supplier:

Ultradent Products Inc.

505 W. Ultradent Drive (10200 S)

South Jordan, UT 84095-3942

USA

on line order support@ultradent.com

(800) 552-5512

EC Responsible Person

Ultradent Products GmbH

Am Westhover Berg 30

51149 Cologne Germany Email: infoDE@ultradent.com

Office Phone: +49(0)2203-35-92-0

- · Further information obtainable from: Customer Service
- · Emergency telephone number:

CHEMTREC (NORTH AMERICA): +1 (800) 424-9300

(INTERNATIONAL): +(703) 527-3887

2 Hazards identification

- · Classification of the substance or mixture
- · Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008



flame over circle

Ox. Liq. 2 H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser.



corrosion

Eye Dam. 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage.



Acute Tox. 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Acute Tox. 4 H332 Harmful if inhaled.

STOT SE 3 H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

(Contd. on page 2)

Printing date 15.10.2025 Version number 1 Revision: 15.10.2025

Trade name: Opalescence™ Boost 35% Non-PF (Bleaching Gel)

(Contd. of page 1)

- · Label elements
- · Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 Void
- · Hazard pictograms GHS03, GHS05, GHS07
- · Signal word Danger
- · Hazard-determining components of labelling:

Hydrogen Peroxide

· Hazard statements

H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser.

H302+H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

· Precautionary statements

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P103 Read carefully and follow all instructions.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P220 Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

3 Composition/information on ingredients

- · Mixtures
- · Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

· Dangerous compone	ents:	
CAS: 7722-84-1	Hydrogen Peroxide	>31.5-<38.5%
EINECS: 231-765-0	� Ox. Liq. 1, H271; � Skin Corr. 1A, H314; � Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H332	
	Specific concentration limits: Ox. Liq. 1; H271: $C \ge 70 \%$	
	Ox. Liq. 2; H272: $50 \% \le C < 70 \%$	
	Skin Corr. 1A; H314: C ≥ 70 %	
	Skin Corr. 1B; H314: 50 % ≤ C < 70 %	
	Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 35 % ≤ C < 50 %	
	Eye Dam. 1; H318: C ≥ 8 %	
	Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 5 % ≤ C < 8 %	
	STOT SE 3; H335: C ≥ 35 %	
	Synthetic Amorphous, Pyrogenic Silica substance with a Community workplace exposure limit	>5-<10%

· Additional information: For the wording of the listed hazard phrases refer to section 16.

– GI

Printing date 15.10.2025 Version number 1 Revision: 15.10.2025

Trade name: Opalescence™ Boost 35% Non-PF (Bleaching Gel)

(Contd. of page 2)

4 First aid measures

- · Description of first aid measures
- · General information:

Symptoms of poisoning may even occur after several hours; therefore medical observation for at least 48 hours after the accident.

· After inhalation:

This product is a viscous gel, therefore chance of inhalation is extremely low.

Supply fresh air. If required, provide artificial respiration. Keep patient warm. Consult doctor if symptoms persist. In case of unconsciousness place patient stably in side position for transportation.

- · After skin contact: Generally the product does not irritate the skin.
- · After eye contact:

Call a doctor immediately.

Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. Then consult a doctor.

- · After swallowing: Call for a doctor immediately.
- · Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Causes serious eye damage.
- Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No further relevant information available.

5 Firefighting measures

- · Extinguishing media
- · Suitable extinguishing agents:

Water spray

Use fire extinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In closed unventilated containers, risk of rupture due to the increased pressure from decomposition. Contact with combustible material may cause fire.

· Advice for firefighters:

Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and protect personnel. Move containers from fire area if there isn't any risk.

· Protective equipment:

Wear fully protective suit.

Mouth respiratory protective device.

6 Accidental release measures

· Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Remove combustible materials

Keep people at a distance and stay on the windward side.

Keep away from ignition sources.

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.

- · Environmental precautions: Do not allow to enter sewers/surface or ground water.
- · Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Hydrogen Peroxide may be decomposed by adding sodium metabisulfite or sodium sulfite after diluting to about 5%.

Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk.

Combustible materials exposed to hydrogen peroxide should be immediately submerged in or rinsed with large amounts of water to ensure that all hydrogen peroxide is removed. Residual hydrogen peroxide that is allowed to dry (upon evaporation hydrogen peroxide can concentrate) on organic materials such as paper, fabrics, cotton, leather, wood or other combustibles can cause the material to ignite and result in fire.

Dilute with plenty water.

(Contd. on page 4)

Printing date 15.10.2025 Version number 1 Revision: 15.10.2025

Trade name: Opalescence™ Boost 35% Non-PF (Bleaching Gel)

(Contd. of page 3)

Absorb with liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders, sawdust).

Use neutralising agent.

Dispose contaminated material as waste according to section 13.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Reference to other sections

See Section 7 for information on safe handling.

See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment.

See Section 13 for disposal information.

7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling:

Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Safety glasses should be used by the patient and doctor. Use equipment for eye protection tested and approved under appropriate government standards such as NIOSH (US) or EN 166 (EN).

Ensure good ventilation/exhaustion at the workplace.

Prevent formation of aerosols.

· Information about fire - and explosion protection:

Combustible materials exposed to hydrogen peroxide should be immediately submerged in or rinsed with large amounts of water to ensure that all hydrogen peroxide is removed. Residual hydrogen peroxide that is allowed to dry (upon evaporation hydrogen peroxide can concentrate) on organic materials such as paper, fabrics, cotton, leather, wood or other combustibles can cause the material to ignite and result in fire.

- · Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
- · Storage:
- · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles:

Suitable material for receptacles and pipes: Stainless steel.

Suitable material for receptacles and pipes: glass.

Suitable material for receptacles and pipes: Aluminium.

Store only in the original receptacle.

Provide ventilation for receptacles.

· Information about storage in one common storage facility:

Store away from reducing agents.

Store away from combustible materials.

Store away from metals.

Further information about storage conditions:

Store receptacle in a well ventilated area.

Store in a cool place.

See product labelling.

Keep container tightly sealed.

· Specific end use(s) Professional Dental Bleaching Gel

8 Exposure controls/personal protection

· Control parameters

· Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

7722-84-1 Hydrogen Peroxide

WEL Short-term value: 2.8 mg/m³, 2 ppm Long-term value: 1.4 mg/m³, 1 ppm

Synthetic Amorphous, Pyrogenic Silica

TWA Short-term value: 6 mg/m³

(Contd. on page 5)

Printing date 15.10.2025 Version number 1 Revision: 15.10.2025

Trade name: OpalescenceTM Boost 35% Non-PF (Bleaching Gel)

(Contd. of page 4)

- · Additional information: The lists valid during the making were used as basis.
- · Exposure controls
- · Appropriate engineering controls No further data; see section 7.
- · Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment
- General protective and hygienic measures:

Ensure that washing facilities are available at the work place.

Do not eat or drink while working.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Avoid contact with the eyes.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

· Respiratory protection:

In case of brief exposure or low pollution use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive or longer exposure use self-contained respiratory protective device.

· Hand protection



Protective gloves

The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product/ the substance/ the preparation.

Due to missing tests no recommendation to the glove material can be given for the product/ the preparation/ the chemical mixture.

Selection of the glove material on consideration of the penetration times, rates of diffusion and the degradation

· Material of gloves

The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality and varies from manufacturer to manufacturer. As the product is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

· Penetration time of glove material

The exact breakthrough time has to be found out by the manufacturer of the protective gloves and has to be observed.

· Eye/face protection



Tightly sealed goggles

· **Body protection:** Protective work clothing

9 Physical and chemical properties

- · Information on basic physical and chemical properties
- · General Information

Physical state
Colour:
Odour:
Odourless

• Odour threshold: Not determined. • Melting point/freezing point: Undetermined.

· Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range Undetermined. · Flammability Not applicable.

· Lower and upper explosion limit

· **Lower:** Not determined.

(Contd. on page 6)

Printing date 15.10.2025 Version number 1 Revision: 15.10.2025

Trade name: Opalescence™ Boost 35% Non-PF (Bleaching Gel)

(Contd. of page 5)

· Upper: Not determined.
 · Flash point: Not applicable.
 · Decomposition temperature: Not determined.
 · pH at 20 °C 1.8-3.2

· Viscosity:

• Kinematic viscosity Not determined. • Dynamic: Not determined.

·Solubility

• water: Not miscible or difficult to mix.

• Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)
• Vapour pressure:

Not determined.
Not determined.

· Density and/or relative density

Density: Not determined.
 Relative density Not determined.
 Vapour density Not determined.

· Other information Strong oxidizer

· Appearance:

· Form: Gel · Important information on protection of health and environment, and on safety.

· Ignition temperature: Not combustible

• Explosive properties: Product does not present an explosion hazard.

· Change in condition

• Evaporation rate Not determined.

Information with regard to physical hazard classes

· Explosives Void · Flammable gases Void · Aerosols Void · Oxidising gases Void Gases under pressure Void Flammable liquids Void · Flammable solids Void · Self-reactive substances and mixtures Void · Pyrophoric liquids Void · Pyrophoric solids Void · Self-heating substances and mixtures Void

· Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable gases

in contact with water Void

• Oxidising liquids May intensify fire; oxidiser.

Oxidising solids
Organic peroxides
Corrosive to metals
Desensitised explosives

Void

Void

10 Stability and reactivity

- · Reactivity Reactive and oxidizing agent
- · Chemical stability
- · Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: Decomposes when exposed to heat

(Contd. on page 7)

Printing date 15.10.2025 Version number 1 Revision: 15.10.2025

Trade name: OpalescenceTM Boost 35% Non-PF (Bleaching Gel)

(Contd. of page 6)

Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Contact with metals, metallic ions, alkalis, reducing agents and organic matter (such as alcohols or terpenes) may produce self-accelerated thermal decomposition.

Reacts with various metals.

Reacts with organic substances.

· Conditions to avoid:

pH Variations

UV rays

Contamination

Heat

· Incompatible materials:

Heavy Metals

Reducing Agents

Strong Reducing Agents

Combustible Materials

Alkalis

Metals

Organic materials

· Hazardous decomposition products: Oxygen

11 Toxicological information

- · Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
- · Acute toxicity Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

· LD/LC50 values relevant for classification:

1D/12030 values recevant for classification.						
ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimates)						
Oral	LD50	1,429 mg/kg				
Inhalative	LC50/4 h	31.4 mg/l				
7722-84-1	Hydrogen Peroxide					
Oral	LC50 Fish	16.4 mg/l (Fish)				
Synthetic .	Amorphous, Pyrogenic S	Silica				
Oral	LD50	>5,000 mg/kg (rat) (Oral Test Method)				
	LC50 Fish	>10,000 mg/l (Fish) (Toxicity to fish)				
Dermal	LD50	>2,000 mg/kg (rabbit) (Dermal test method)				
	LC50(Daphnia magna)	>1,000-10,000 mg/l (daphnia) (Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates)				
	LC50(Daphnia magna)	>1,000-10,000 mg/l (daphnia) (Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates)				

- · Primary irritant effect:
- · Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage.
- · STOT-single exposure May cause respiratory irritation.
- Information on other hazards
- · Endocrine disrupting properties

None of the ingredients is listed.

GB

Printing date 15.10.2025 Version number 1 Revision: 15.10.2025

Trade name: OpalescenceTM Boost 35% Non-PF (Bleaching Gel)

(Contd. of page 7)

12 Ecological information

- · Toxicity
- · Aquatic toxicity:

7722-84-1 Hydrogen Peroxide

EC50 1.38 mg/l (Algae)

2.4 mg/l (daphnia)

- · Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available.
- · Bioaccumulative potential May be accumulated in organism
- · Mobility in soil No further relevant information available.
- · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
- · **PBT:** Not applicable.
- · vPvB: Not applicable.
- · Endocrine disrupting properties The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties.
- · Other adverse effects

None known.

None

- · Additional ecological information:
- · General notes:

Water hazard class 1 (German Regulation) (Self-assessment): slightly hazardous for water

Do not allow undiluted product or large quantities of it to reach ground water, water course or sewage system. Must not reach sewage water or drainage ditch undiluted or unneutralised.

Rinse off of bigger amounts into drains or the aquatic environment may lead to decreased pH-values. A low pH-value harms aquatic organisms. In the dilution of the use-level the pH-value is considerably increased, so that after the use of the product the aqueous waste, emptied into drains, is only low water-dangerous.

13 Disposal considerations

- · Waste treatment methods
- · Recommendation

Must not be disposed together with household garbage. Do not allow product to reach sewage system. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with international, federal, state, and local regulations.

- · Uncleaned packaging:
- Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

14 Transport information

· <i>U</i>	JN	numl	ber	or	ID	numi	ber
------------	----	------	-----	----	----	------	-----

· ADR, IMDG, IATA UN2014

· UN proper shipping name

· ADR 2014 HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION

· IMDG, IATA HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION

(Contd. on page 9)

Revision: 15.10.2025 Printing date 15.10.2025 Version number 1

Trade name: OpalescenceTM Boost 35% Non-PF (Bleaching Gel)

(Contd. of page 8)

· Transport hazard class(es)

 $\cdot ADR$





· Class 5.1 Oxidising substances. ·Label

5.1 + 8

 \cdot *IMDG*





· Class 5.1 Oxidising substances.

· Label 5.1/8

 \cdot IATA



5.1 Oxidising substances. · Class

·Label Forbidden

· Packing group

· ADR, IMDG, IATA II

Not applicable. · Environmental hazards:

· Special precautions for user Warning: Oxidising substances.

· Hazard identification number (Kemler code): 58

· EMS Number: F-H,S-Q

· Segregation groups (SGG16) Peroxides

· Stowage Category

· Stowage Code SW1 Protected from sources of heat. · Segregation Code SG16 Stow "separated from" class 4.1

SG59 Stow "separated from" SGG14-permanganates

SG72 See 7.2.6.3.2.

· Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO

Not applicable. instruments

· Transport/Additional information:

 $\cdot ADR$

IL· Limited quantities (LO) Code: E2 · Excepted quantities (EQ)

> Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml

· Transport category 2

E· Tunnel restriction code

(Contd. on page 10)

Printing date 15.10.2025 Version number 1 Revision: 15.10.2025

Trade name: OpalescenceTM Boost 35% Non-PF (Bleaching Gel)

(Contd. of page 9)

· IMDG

· Limited quantities (LQ)

ILCode: E2 · Excepted quantities (EQ)

> Maximum net quantity per inner packaging: 30 ml Maximum net quantity per outer packaging: 500 ml

· UN "Model Regulation":

UN 2014 HYDROGEN PEROXIDE, AQUEOUS SOLUTION, 5.1

(8), II

15 Regulatory information

- · Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- · NIOSH-Ca (National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health)

None of the ingredients is listed.

- Poisons Act
- Regulated explosives precursors

7722-84-1 Hydrogen Peroxide

12%

Regulated poisons

None of the ingredients is listed.

Reportable explosives precursors

None of the ingredients is listed.

Reportable poisons

None of the ingredients is listed.

- · Directive 2012/18/EU
- · Named dangerous substances ANNEX I None of the ingredients is listed.
- · Seveso category P8 OXIDISING LIQUIDS AND SOLIDS
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of lower-tier requirements 50 t
- Qualifying quantity (tonnes) for the application of upper-tier requirements 200 t
- · Chemical safety assessment:

Product contains high levels of hydrogen peroxide, which has a known toxicological profile. Product is only to be used by licensed dental professionals using the specified engineering controls.

16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Relevant phrases from Section 3

H271 May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser.

H272 May intensify fire; oxidiser.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

· Department issuing SDS: Environmental, Health, and Safety

(Contd. on page 11)

Printing date 15.10.2025 Revision: 15.10.2025 Version number 1

Trade name: OpalescenceTM Boost 35% Non-PF (Bleaching Gel)

(Contd. of page 10)

· Contact: Customer Service

· Abbreviations and acronyms:

ADR: Accord relatif au transport international des marchandises dangereuses par route (European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

IATA: International Air Transport Association

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety

ATE: Acute toxicity estimate values

Ox. Liq. 1: Oxidizing liquids – Category 1 Ox. Liq. 2: Oxidizing liquids – Category 2

Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity - Category 4

Skin Corr. 1A: Skin corrosion/irritation – Category 1A

Eye Dam. 1: Serious eye damage/eye irritation – Category 1

STOT SE 3: Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) – Category 3

* Data compared to the previous version altered.